

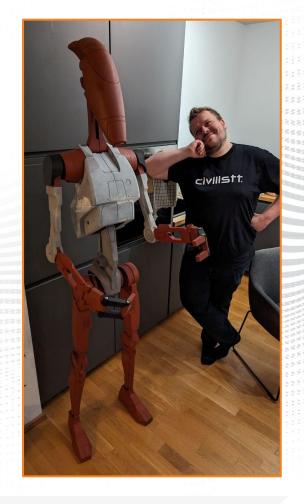
Submarine Cables - Lifelines of countries and continents

DENOG16, Berlin Moritz Frenzel

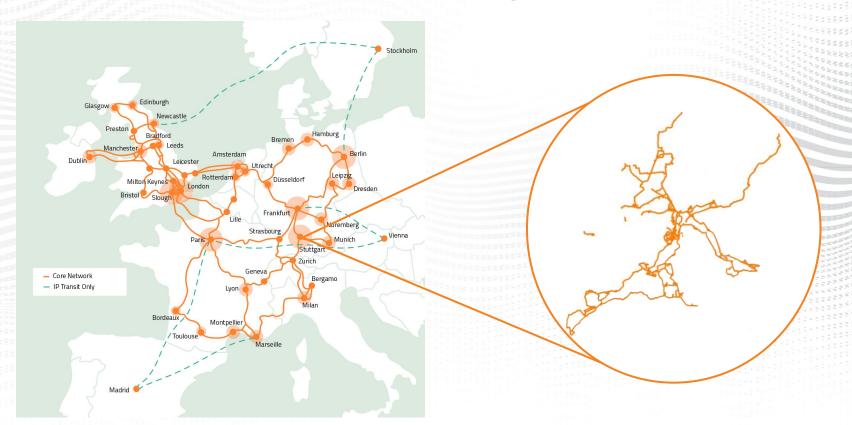
Who am I?

Moritz Frenzel

- Head of Globalways by Zayo Europe
- Vice Chairman @ DENOG e.V.
- Network Architect @ Stuttgart-IX
- 30 years old
- Love 3D-Printing
- Based in Munich

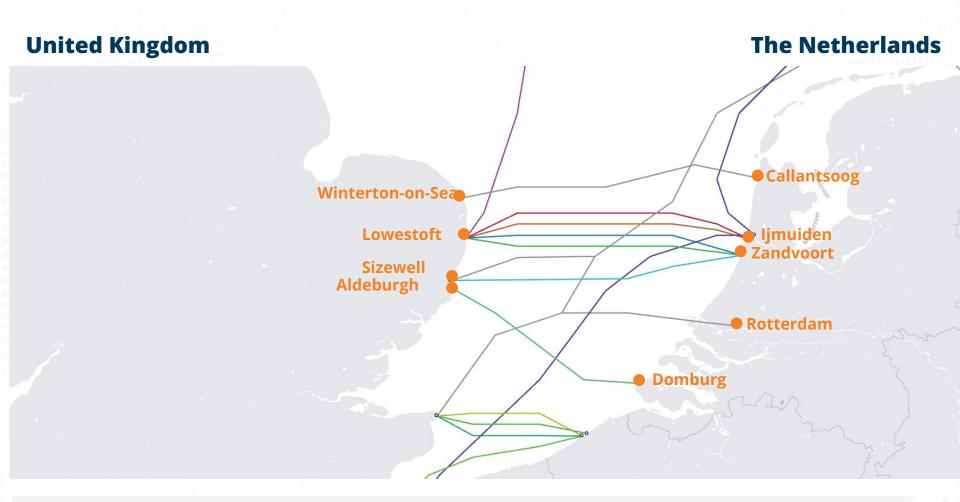


Submarine Cables in Stuttgart?



Zayo Europe: by the numbers





Circe North

- Lowestoft, UK to Zandvoort, NL
- Completed in 1999
- 201km length
- 48 fiber count G.654 cable
- Historical burial depth of 0.9m
 - Tides exposed parts over the years
- multiple breaks over 25 years



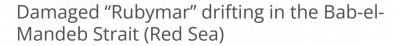
How do cables break?



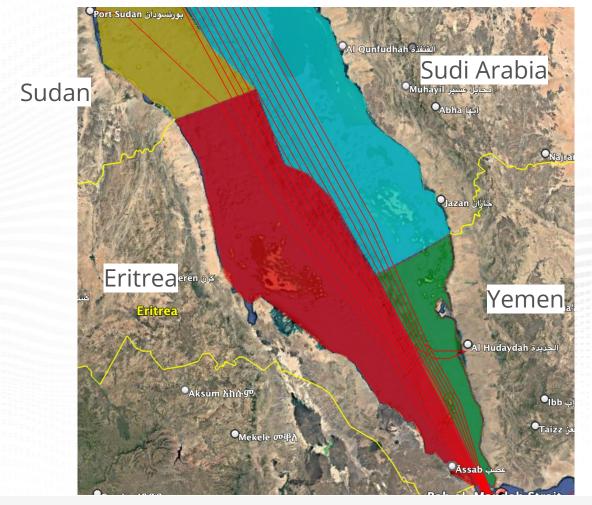
Cut of Circe North, 85 km from Zandvoort due to Trawler Damage

How do cables break?









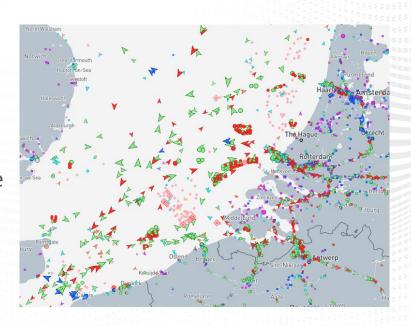
What if cables break?

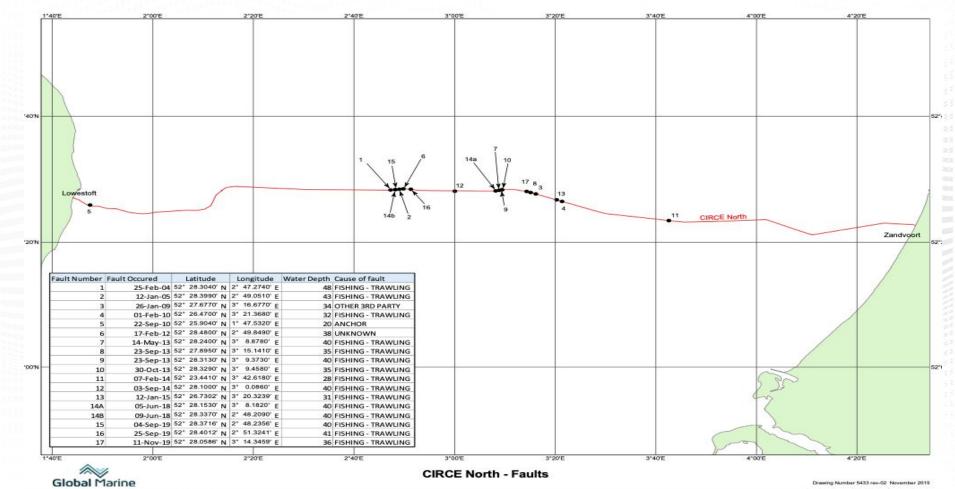
- Cable Ships must be dispatched to the location,
 which often times takes days or weeks
- Locating the fault and resurfacing the cable is no easy task and may be heavily impacted by severe weather causing additional delays
- There is no quicker option, however some cable systems have diverse paths and will switch to a different path on failure
- Cable ships are a limited resource, only 60-80
 exist in the world



Prevention mechanisms

- Ensure cables are plotted in all relevant maps, such as KIS-ORCA, and always up-to date
- Address relevant parties and raise
 awareness for the importance of submarine
 cables
- Port awareness visits to fishing fleets
- Track AIS Data and alert on unusual activity and proactively reach out to vessels closeby
- Guard Vessels





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Drawing Number 5433 rev-02 November 2019

Introducing: Zeus

- Lowestoft, UK to Zandvoort, NL
- Completed in 2022
- 204km
- 192 fibre count mix of Corning Ultra and Corning ULL (ultra-low-loss)
 - Double armoured cable
 - Up to 2.65 Pbps (C-band) and 5.2 Pbps (C+L Band)
- Fully diverse from Circe North
- 2-3m burial depth (depending on area)
- No impacts



Building a submarine Cable

1. Planning & Permitting



Building a submarine Cable

1. Planning & Permitting

2. Surveying











SPORT

Building

Home | Football | Cricket | Formula 1 | Rugby U | Rugby L | Tennis | Golf | Boxing | Athletics

Formula 1 > Latest | Results | Standings | Calendar | Teams & Drivers

1. Plann race since 1985 2. Surve

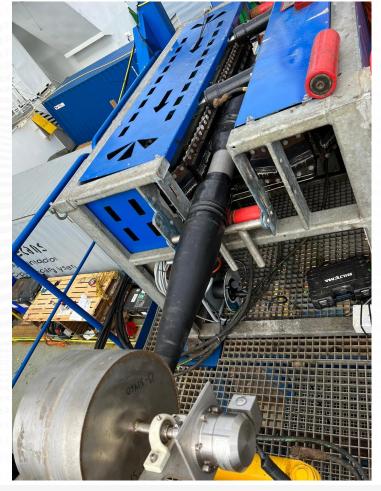
Dutch Grand Prix: Zandvoort to stage first Formula 1

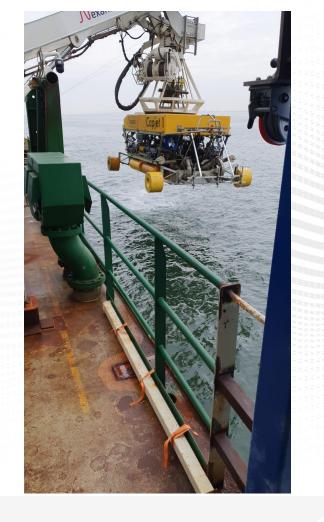
O 14 May 2019 Formula 1

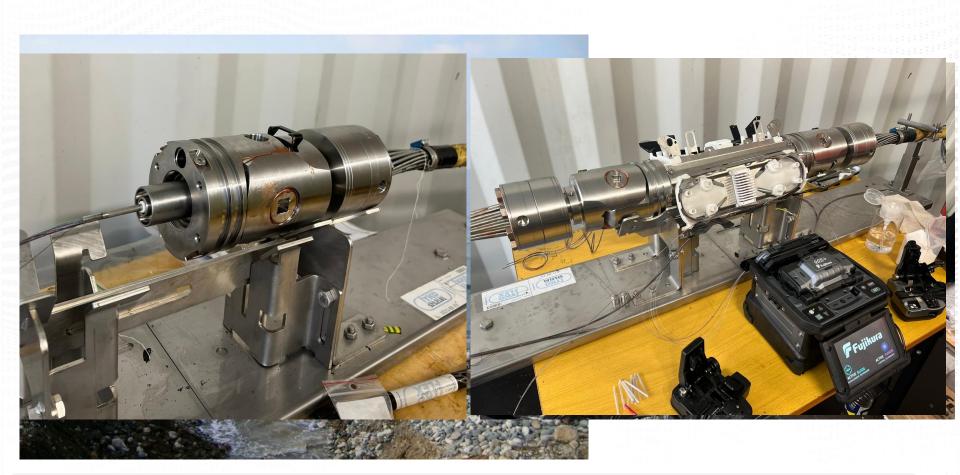


Building a submarine Cable

- 1. Planning & Permitting
- 2. Surveying
- 3. Building







What else is out there?

- For simplicity, we only looked at unamplified cables in this presentation
- Longer cables (above c. 240km) require repeaters
- Repeaters are spaced every 50 80km
- Repeaters require power and are fed with 10kV or more from the shoreside
- Branching Units (Y-Splitters) may be placed in the seabed to split a cables routes offshore
- Wait for the next talk on other cool stuff that's possible below the sea

Conclusions

- Submarine cables form the backbone of our internet ecosystem
- Despite being at the seabed, cables aren't safe from their surroundings
- If you're in the market for a connectivity on a submarine route
 - Verify that the carrier of your choosing understands the risks associated and implements safeguards for your system
 - Choose fully diverse cable systems
 - Understand failure scenarios and your providers countermeasures
- Cables buried >2m are more likely to stay buried, thus offering long-lasting protection from the elements and third party damages.

Further Questions?



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 EVP Sales Europe
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- James O'Brien
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Thank You!